

## AFTER EVIDENCE AGAINST VAIL

Some Councilmen Hope to Bring Former Fire Chief Back to Utah.

LONG SESSION OF COUNCIL  
SEVERAL MATTERS OF INTEREST CAME UP FOR ACTION.

Last evening the council appointed a committee consisting of Councilmen Hall, chairman, and Councilmen P. S. Fernstrom and L. J. Wood, to try and scrape together enough evidence on which the county attorney may ask for the requisition of former Chief Vail of the fire department to bring him back for an accounting of the firemen's trust funds.

Councilman Hall reported that he had been unable to find any evidence to call again. Since then Fernstrom said he believed W. H. Bywater, chief before Vail, could find the receipt Vail gave him, and with that they might act.

Councilman Martin reported, however, that the county attorney would hardly be brought back on a charge of embezzling a fund of which he was a part owner.

A blanket license was granted to Frederick Heath for amusements at the Salt Palace, covering everything at the resort except the old mill and the scenic railway, for \$250.

The board of works was instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of West Temple street from Fifth to Seventh and from Seventh to Ninth South, and on Fifth South between Main and First West. The shatters portion of this work will be \$65,750, and the city share, \$32,875.

The board of works sent in a communication to the council that the order of the council that all extra orders must be passed on by the council hampered the board's work, and instructed the council to modify its resolution, which was done on motion of Councilman W. Moni Perry to the effect that the order of the council may be obtained and the work certified to the council at the next meeting if the order is ordered.

Sergeants John A. Lenz, Joseph Pusey and A. C. Spens were appointed bail commissioners by the mayor and confirmed by the council.

Jack T. Ralphy, superintendent of streets, asked that the Denver & Rio Grande and Oregon Short Line be compelled to raise their bridges over Tenth South, which he said, were too low and were causing trouble. This was sent to the streets committee with power to act.

**Short Line Footbridge.**  
There is more trouble brewing over the Oregon Short Line footbridge at Kelsey, city engineer, reported that he had sent the opinion of the city attorney that the Oregon Short Line had violated its franchise by building a bridge over the river at Kelsey, and had received in reply a denial that the company had ever filed a bridge over the river at that location. The blue print filed, according to Mr. Ashton, was asked for by the council, and only after the city engineer's location. He also sent Mr. Kelsey an opinion from the road's legal adviser, P. L. Williams, to the effect that the company was in its rights in placing the footbridge over Third West where it did. The municipal laws committee will take the matter up again.

The fire committee recommended the purchase of 2,000 feet of 2 1/2 inch hose at 50 cents a foot and of 2,000 feet of N. J. A. 1 hose at 75 cents a foot, but the purchase was postponed a week.

An ordinance providing the liquor ordinance so as to bring manufacturers' agents within its scope was read and went over a week.

The city attorney presented two ordinances, which were passed, relating to the collection of special taxes, and following the repeal by the legislature of some sections of the present law. Formerly the city could close on liens on property for payment of the taxes for special improvements without waiting for from five to ten days. Now the foreclosure can be made at once when an installment is overdue. Also, when any installment of payment for improvements becomes delinquent it makes the whole tax due.

It was after 11 o'clock when the milk ordinance was reached, and Councilman John Holley began a fight on some of the sections, particularly those requiring the stamping of cold storage butter as such, and another relating to packed butter. The councilmen were not disposed to stay until midnight and adjourned without action at 11:30.

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DIRECTRESS OF NURSES  
HOLY CROSS HOSPITAL,  
Salt Lake City, Utah.

## ELECTED VALEDICTORIAN

Richard W. Young, Jr., who was chosen by the faculty of the university valedictorian of the class of 1939, will receive a bachelor of degree at the June commencement. Young is a Salt Lake boy and received his preparatory work at the L. S. university.

In his sophomore year at the university Young was chosen a member of the debating team that met the University of Oregon and also took part in dramatics. He was active in debating and dramatics during his junior year and was also president of the associated students. This year Young was elected valedictorian of the class, and also the team that defeated the University of Oregon in the Salt Lake theatricals, recently. Young while the faculty was choosing him valedictorian, Young was prosecuting attorney in the student court which tried the backsliders on 17 day.

The valedictorian of the normal class was elected yesterday, but action was deferred until the return of Dr. William M. Stewart, principal of the normal school.

## FIRST GUN IN DEBATE FIRED BY MR. ALDRICH

Continued from Page 1.

cluded in all cases in the disbursements. The statement consists of the actual official figures of receipts and disbursements for the years 1936 and 1938, inclusive, and shows that in these years the act of 1937 (existing law) produced a surplus of \$425,626.22, an average yearly surplus of \$425,626.22.

**Estimates by Treasury Experts.**  
Mr. Aldrich explained that he arrived at his estimates from data secured in consultation with treasury experts.

"Taking the present fiscal year, for example, first we have the actual figures for nine and one-half months, which are: Receipts, \$468,042.87; disbursements, \$332,395.81, showing a deficit of \$65,647.06," he continued. "I have taken the disbursements of \$532,966.51 for nine and one-half months, and estimated those for the succeeding two and one-half months on the same basis, reaching the result of \$674,569.68."

"In making the estimates of receipts of 1939, the actual receipts and disbursements for the first nine and one-half months being available, the figures for the remaining two and one-half months are based on those ascertained results and indicate receipts for the year of \$693,047.230. The figures show an estimated deficit of \$65,462.450."

**Appropriations Already Made.**  
"For the year 1939, the appropriations have already been made and the total which will be expended can be ascertained with approximate accuracy."

"In making the estimates for these expenditures, I have taken the gross appropriations for the year 1938, \$1,944,000.00, and deducted the appropriations for the post office department, \$235,000.00; the sinking fund, \$9,000.00; the national bank fund, \$32,000.00; and the Panama canal expenditures, \$37,000.00, and have added the official estimate for the postal deficiency for the year, \$23,000.00, showing a probable total expenditure of \$1,900,000.00."

"If the pending bill should become a law before the 30th of June next, the customs revenues for the entire fiscal year of 1939 would be collected under its provisions, and the probable results constitute the crucial point in our investigations."

**Question of Revenue.**  
"For the purpose of ascertaining the relative revenue producing qualities of the senate bill and the act of 1937, the committee on finance has had prepared a statement, which is laid before the senate today. It applies the rates of the senate bill to the importations of 1937. We have also taken the rates of the act of 1937 and applied them to the importations of 1938, which was the last year in which the finance and business of the country were in a normal condition."

The statement shows that if the senate bill had been in force in 1937 the customs revenue produced by it would have been \$3,000,000 greater than those collected under the Dingley act, it would have been \$22,000,000 under the act of 1937 and \$30,000,000 under the senate bill.

"This increase of revenue is due to advances in rates on a few articles of luxury, such as wines, and to the fact that due to the substitution made in the bill in all cases where it was possible of special tariff duties. This will prevent undervaluation and consequently increase revenues."

"Other changes will be included affecting the comparative revenues."

**Changes Proposed.**  
"The changes we propose to make in the administrative act included in the bill, new definitions of dutiable value and new methods in its proper ascertainment; more efficient collection machinery; the provision for the creation of a customs court to insure uniformity of decisions in customs cases."

"The extent of undervaluation predicted under existing law is variously estimated at from 10 to 25 per cent of the revenue collected. If any considerable portion of this practice is corrected by the provisions I have alluded to, we can safely add \$5,000,000 to the estimate in 1939, making a total estimate of revenue for 1939, based upon the importations of 1937, \$35,000,000."

"I have assumed that the importation of 1937 is the proper basis for comparison. We should not lose sight of the fact that there will be approximately 4,000,000 of people more in the United States than there were in 1937 and 1938, and if other conditions remain the same, there will be a natural increase from this cause. The committee believes that the extent of importations and resulting revenue will be greater than in 1937 because of improved business conditions."

**Revenues Increasing.**  
"Business activity and the movement for increased importations has already commenced. The customs receipts for the thirty-nine business days from March 1 to April 15, inclusive, as compared with the corresponding days in 1938, \$12,021,095.08, or an average daily increase of \$281,545.56, show a trend toward increased revenue."

"The report for the last day which I have, April 18, shows receipts from all sources, \$2,920,811.85, as compared with receipts of \$1,232,321.39 on the corresponding day of last year."

"It is no incentive for these enlarged importations except improved conditions of the country and reduced stocks of imported merchandise. The character of the legislation proposed no reduction for accelerated imports, as there are practically no rates above the rates imposed by the act of 1937, it is conceded that the era of prosperity which commenced the first part of March is likely to continue uninterrupted with the enactment of new tariff legislation."

**Claims Conservatism.**  
"The estimates I have made of increased revenues are most conservative. If the same rate of increase which has obtained since the first of March should be applied to the eighth month of the fiscal year, 1939, not covered by the period of improvement in this year, we should then have an increase over the receipts for the present fiscal year, say \$25,000,000, and \$4,000,000, making a total of \$29,000,000, without taking into account the additional sources of revenue provided for."

"For 1931 I have estimated an increase of revenue of \$4,000,000 and a reduction of expenditures of \$3,000,000, a consequent surplus of \$1,000,000."

"If the statements I have submitted are approximately correct, the independent question arises: 'In what way is the treasury to take care of the deficit indicated for the present and the following fiscal years?'"

**Alleged Treasury Surplus.**  
"The treasury has today, including the \$3,681,253.55 which it is entitled to receive for reimbursement of canal expenditures."

## Richard W. Young, Jr.

practically \$100,000,000 of available surplus over a necessary working balance. This surplus is likely to be reduced \$5,000,000 by June 30, by additions to the deficiency for the current fiscal year, leaving on that date an available surplus of \$94,000,000. My estimate for the year 1939, based on the estimated deficiency of \$45,000,000 in that year would still leave a surplus of \$49,000,000, which could be increased in the subsequent years.

"I have assumed that 'canal bonds' can be sold to an amount which will reimburse the treasury for all payments on account of the canal. Further legislation will, however, be necessary if this bill is to secure that result."

"The comptroller of the treasury has held that \$50,000,000 of the amount paid in the form of \$25,000,000 reduction in the existing law. Existing legislation only authorizes the issue of 2 percent bonds, which would be purchased by or for the national banks. It will therefore be necessary for the secretary of the treasury to sell bonds of a different class."

"Bonds redeemable at the pleasure of the government after a few years could undoubtedly be sold at a rate not exceeding 2 percent."

**Economy to Be Practised.**  
"Stating that he was aware that the appropriations of the government for 1939 in expenditures he had suggested for 1931 in his estimates would be surrounded with great difficulty, Mr. Aldrich said the reality with which our national expenditures had increased within the past three years was a source of anxiety, if not of alarm."

"Simultaneously with the reduction in receipts of \$50,000,000 from 1937 to 1938, we have had an increase in expenditures of \$20,000,000," he said. "It is but fair to say that when the appropriations for the year 1939 are made, they will be reduced by the same amount as the 1937 appropriations were reduced by the same amount."

"But a different condition existed when the appropriations for 1938 were made. The fact that the appropriations were less than the estimates does not reduce the congressional responsibility for the unprecedented extravagance. No excuse whatever can be found for similar legislation in the future."

"It is important in the interests of the public service that a radical change in the procedure with reference to appropriations should be made."

**Could Have Saved \$50,000,000.**  
"It should be the function of the committee on public expenditures recently created to take into consideration, long before any appropriation bill is introduced from the house, the estimates and needs of the various departments and report their recommendations to the senate, in order that responsibility for future extravagance may be clearly fixed. I am myself satisfied that last year's appropriations could have been reduced by \$50,000,000 without impairing the efficiency of the public service."

"In the work of necessary reduction in expenditure and in reform in methods of appropriation to which the senate is pledged, it is my belief that the committee should have the earnest support and cooperation of the president and the administration."

**Against New Taxes.**  
"I may be asked what would happen if it should happen to be found that I have been over-optimistic or wholly inaccurate in my statements of the conditions. I would then answer with emphasis that it would then be the imperative duty of congress to reduce expenditures and make them conform to actual revenue conditions and not to impose new and onerous taxes."

"The imposition of other taxes under these conditions would not only be unwise, but unjust and prejudicial to every citizen of the United States."

"In the face of the record I have disclosed, no political party can afford to place new taxes on the people of the United States, and I should regret extremely if the party of which I am a member should assume any such responsibility."

**Debate Will Be Free.**  
"In commenting upon the tariff bill, Mr. Aldrich said it was not his purpose to discuss the wisdom or unwisdom of the protective tariff policy. He added that there would be no attempt to restrict debate on the Democratic side upon the question."

Several items, he said, had been reported practically without recommendation, coal and its reciprocal provision, print paper and wood. He said that he believed that this had not been done because of any desire to evade responsibility on those items, but that the tariff committee had not received data that would permit it to draw its conclusions. When that data was received, he said, recommendations would be made in respect to those items."

Speaker Cannon entered the senate chamber before Mr. Aldrich began and carefully followed his remarks.

**Amendments Criticized.**  
Upon concluding the reading of his prepared statement Mr. Aldrich launched upon a criticism of amendments prepared by Mr. Daniel for a tax on the gross receipts of corporations and by Mr. Bailey for a tax on incomes, each of which, he said, would impose \$95,000,000 of taxes.

Being interrupted by Mr. Bailey, who suggested that he knew the senator from Rhode Island would not wish to misrepresent him, Mr. Aldrich said he would secret of the people's rapidly better."

At the conclusion of Mr. Aldrich's statement, the ranking republican leader of the finance committee, took the floor. He arranged the Republican members of the committee for their exclusion of the Democratic members during the consideration of the bill.

Mr. Daniel spoke in part as follows:

"This is a prodigious bill. It contains 202 pages and carries about a million dollars a page. The Democratic members of the committee are not in a position to read it for it was not read at the only meeting of the committee until the day, April 12, when it was reported here by the chairman of the finance committee with amendments. None of those amendments were permitted to see before they were here presented."

**Not Fair Treatment.**  
"I cannot regard this as either good or fair government. We have at home constituents who are much interested. Rejected amendments are being sent out as anxious for justice to be done to our country as any of those who assume the responsibility of the bill. Our constituents are anxious to have their views on the subject of which they avail themselves."

"The indignity is toward the people of the United States and toward the senate, which is the only body in the country where there remains free debate and free issues quick upon their heels. Our constituents are anxious to have their views on the subject of which they avail themselves."

"The identity of the particular delegates is not known to the American board of officers of this city, but among the entire number of missionaries in central Turkey there are thought to have been upwards of fifteen missionaries connected with the missionary board gathered at a conference in Constantinople for the annual conference of the central Turkey mission."

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suspended and the civil and military officials appear paralyzed, waiting for the outcome of events. There is much satisfaction at the signing of the protocol, which relieves apprehensions of intervention by Bulgaria.

Throughout the night there was great suspense at the Yildia kiosk. Every body remained awake, and many attendants fled, fearing an attack upon the palace, which is situated on the heights outside the city and is exposed to a coup d'etat.

The consensus of opinion is that if the abdication of the sultan is brought about, his overthrow and the proclamation of his successor will be accomplished peacefully. Many Turkish families in the Stamboul quarter are moving to abodes of greater safety, but in general the people, though fearful of coming events, are awaiting them philosophically and with resignation.

**APPEAL FOR HELP.**  
Boston, April 19.—A brief telegram, in which he appealed for help from the massacre at Adana, Asia Minor, where Mr. Roger and Mr. Maurer perished, has been received by the American board of officers of the central Turkey mission.

"Help, Adana," "CHAMBERS," "Signed," "This was from the Rev. William Chambers, the resident missionary of the board at Adana. He appealed for help from the massacre at Adana, Asia Minor, where Mr. Roger and Mr. Maurer perished, has been received by the American board of officers of the central Turkey mission."

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